

Financial Report For the year ended 30 June 2023

IN 2 BUSINESS PTY LTD

9/429 The Boulevarde KIRRAWEE NSW 2232

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BUSINESS PARTNER ACCOUNTANTS

ABN 31 254 110 993

Chartered Accountants and Business Advisors

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Auditor Independence Declaration

In accordance with section 60-40 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012

To the Directors of Ostomy NSW Limited

In accordance with Subdivision 60-C of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act*, 2012, I provide the following declaration of independence to the Directors of Ostomy NSW Limited.

As the lead auditor for the audit of the financial statements of Ostomy NSW Limited for the year ended 30 June, 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June, 2023 there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act, 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

a Partner Chient A.

Business Partner Accountants Chartered Accountants

Dated this 21st day of September, 2023

Mark J Lennon

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Revenue	2	13,726,289	14,097,456
Cost of goods traded		(12,483,412)	(12,781,647)
Gross surplus		1,242,877	1,315,809
Fundraising income	2	80,082	74,987
Other income	2	22,980	17,377
Insurance claim recovery	2	•	314,803
Employee benefits expense	3a	(742,693)	(702,770)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3a	(22,943)	(30,292)
Costs associated with fire	3a	-	9.0
Finance costs		i es	(<u>#</u>)
Freight and cartage		(340,131)	(342,914)
Fundraising and nurse support expense		(49,428)	(41,443)
Other operating expenses	_	(317,831)	(321,376)
Profit before income tax		(127,087)	284,181
Income tax expense	_	(*)	<u>;</u> ≝:
Profit for the year		(127,087)	284,181
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or lo	ss:	100	32 1
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		121	*
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(SE)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		(127,087)	284,181
Total comprehensive income of the entity	1=	(127,087)	284,181

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

STATEMENT OF THIRMORE POSITION A	13 AT 30 0011	L 2023	
	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	2,238,417	2,387,581
Trade and other receivables	5	668,726	674,160
Inventories	6	269,994	272,636
Other assets	7	53,046	50,418
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,230,183	3,384,795
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Other assets	7	450	450
Property, plant and equipment	8	56,787	1,214,491
Asset held for sale	9	1,140,097	22
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,197,334	1,214,941
TOTAL ASSETS		4,427,517	4,599,736
LIABILITIES	•		
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	10	1,477,825	1,526,682
Other liabilities	11	26,775	31,107
Provisions	12	172,375	169,635
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,676,975	1,727,424
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	,		
Other Liabilities	11	0.00	*
Provisions	12	17,287	11,970
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		17,287	11,970
TOTAL LIABILITIES	•	1,694,262	1,739,394
NET ASSETS	:	2,733,255	2,860,342
EQUITY	,		
Retained earnings		2,733,255	2,860,342
Reserves		196	w
TOTAL EQUITY		2,733,255	2,860,342
	:		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	Retained Earnings	Financial Assets Reserve	Revaluation Surplus	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2021		2,576,161	-	-	2,576,161
Comprehensive income					
Profit (loss) for the year		284,181	-	-	284,181
Other comprehensive income for the year:					
 net fair value gains on available- for-sale financial assets 		=	2	(m)	2
 gains on revaluation of land and buildings 		2	8	22 9	2
Total other comprehensive income		ş	·	5 0	2
Total comprehensive income of the entity for the year		284,181		(a)	284,181
Balance at 30 June 2022		2,860,342	9	34	2,860,342
Balance at 1 July 2022		2,860,342	3		2,860,342
Comprehensive income					
Profit (loss) for the year		(127,087)	3	-	(127,087)
Other comprehensive income for the year:					
 net fair value gains on available- for-sale financial assets 		<u>@</u>	£	ē	ž.
 gains on revaluation of land and buildings 			<u> </u>		=
Total other comprehensive income		Ē	•		ž
Total comprehensive income of the entity for the year	ā	(127,087)	<u>.</u>		(127,087)
Balance at 30 June 2023	á	2,733,255	*		2,733,255
	9				

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from government and customers		13,808,934	14,376,131
Other receipts		₹	10
Payments to suppliers and employees		(13,978,848)	(14,161,988)
Interest received		26,086	3,854
Finance costs			
Net cash generated by/(used in) operating activities		(143,828)	217,997
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		* ;	253
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(5,336)	(9,422)
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale investments		•	:4:
Payment for available-for-sale investments		÷.	353
Payment for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		<u></u>	20
Payment for intangible assets			875
Payment for held-to-maturity investments			
Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities		(5,336)	(9,422)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of finance lease commitments			
Increase in finance lease commitments			
Net cash generated by/(used in) financing activities		5-6	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(149,164)	208,575
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		2,387,581	2,179,006
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	4	2,238,417	2,387,581

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

Ostomy NSW Limited applies Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosure Requirements as set out in AASB 1053: Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards and AASB 1060: General Purpose Financial Statements – Simplified Disclosure for For-Profit and Not-for-Profit Tier 2 Entities.

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012. The company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 21 September, 2023 by the directors of the company.

Accounting Policies

a. Revenue

Ostomy NSW Limited receives non-reciprocal contributions of assets from the government and other parties for zero or a nominal value. These assets are recognised at fair value on the date of acquisition in the statement of financial position, with a corresponding amount of income recognised in profit or loss.

Fees paid by company members are recognised as revenue at the time of receipt.

Donations, bequests, raffles and other income are recognised as revenue when received.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customer

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

b. Inventories

Inventories held for sale are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventories held for distribution are measured at cost adjusted, when applicable, for any loss of service potential.

Inventories acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are valued at the current replacement cost as at the date of acquisition.

c. Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated, less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Strata Entitlement in Freehold Land or Buildings

Strata entitlements in freehold land and buildings are shown at cost, less subsequent depreciation for buildings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present (refer to Note 1(f) for details of impairment).

Plant and equipment that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost, are valued and recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

Leasehold Improvements

Leasehold improvements are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the asset's useful life to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements, if any, are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Buildings and building improvements	2.5%
Office equipment	5% - 25%
Fixtures and fittings	10%
Computer hardware	20% - 50%
Computer software	25%
Leasehold improvements	25% (2022: 50%)

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

d. Leases

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

e. Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit and loss" in which case transaction costs are recognised immediately as expenses in profit or loss.

Financial instruments of the company comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and trade payables. They are expressed at fair value in the financial statements, which is at cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

f. Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (eg in accordance with the revaluation model in AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

g. Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Contributions are made by the company to an employee's nominated superannuation fund and are charged as expenses when incurred.

h. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts, if any (none present as at 30 June 2022 or 30 June 2023).

i. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a net basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

j. Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the entity is exempt from income tax under Div 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

k. Intangibles

Software

Software is initially recognised at cost. It has a finite life and is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Software has an estimated useful life of between one and three years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

i. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions recognised represent the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

m. Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

n. Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the company during the reporting period that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

o. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company.

Key Judgements

(i) Employee benefits

For the purpose of measurement, AASB 119: Employee Benefits defines obligations for short-term employee benefits as obligations expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. As the company expects that most employees will not use all of their annual leave entitlements in the same year in which they are earned or during the 12-month period that follows (despite an informal company policy that requires annual leave to be used within 18 months), the directors believe that obligations for annual leave entitlements satisfy the definition of other long-term employee benefits and, therefore, are required to be measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees.

p. Economic Dependence

Ostomy NSW Limited is dependent on Services Australia (Medicare Australia) for the majority of its revenue used to operate the business. At the date of this report, the Board of Directors has no reason to believe the Department will not continue to support Ostomy NSW Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

		Note	2023	2022
			\$	\$
NOTE Reve	E 2: REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME			
	nue from (non-reciprocal) government grants and other grants:			
_	sales and medicare reimbursements		12,512,810	12,831,283
	calos and modicare remodification		12,512,810	12,831,283
Other	revenue:		12,012,010	12,001,200
_	membership income		844,957	911,449
_	medicare commissions		342,436	350,870
_	interest received on financial assets not at fair value through		0 12,100	000,010
	profit or loss		26,086	3,854
			1,213,479	1,266,173
Total	revenue		13,726,289	14,097,456
Other	rincome			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
_	gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		36:	1.0
_	fundraising income		80,082	74,987
_	other revenue		22,980	17,377
_	insurance claim recoveries	3a	1.51	314,803
Total	other income		103,062	407,167
Total	revenue and other income		13,829,351	14,504,623
NOTE	3: PROFIT FOR THE YEAR			
a.	Expenses			
	Employee benefits expense:		742,693	702,770
	Costs associated with fire			
	 inventory destroyed 		•	(-)
	 Property, plant & equipment destroyed 		3	(2)
	 leased equipment destroyed 		•	<u> </u>
	Total costs associated with fire			
	Depreciation and amortisation:			
	buildings		5,393	5,392
	 plant & equipment 		11,000	11,799
	 leasehold 		6,550	13,101
	Total depreciation and amortisation		22,943	30,292
NOTE	4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RENT			
Cash	at bank		2,237,967	2,387,131
Cash	on hand		450	450
		=	2,238,417	2,387,581
		3		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TE	ALL FINDE	-D 30 00NL 20	720
	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES CURRENT			
Trade receivables		649,109	654,778
Provision for impairment		23	20
		649,109	654,778
Other receivables		19,617	19,382
Total current trade and other receivables	-	668,726	674,160
NOTE 6: INVENTORIES CURRENT			
At cost:			
Inventory		269,994	272,636
		269,994	272,636
NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS CURRENT			
Accrued income			
Prepayments		34,566	34,418
Rental bond		18,480	16,000
Other sundry		(16)	(*)
	1.5	53,046	50,418
NON-CURRENT	33=		
Security deposit	10_	450	450
	_		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
NOTE 8: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Land and Buildings			
Strata entitlement in freehold land and buildings:	8a		
At cost		2	1,220,914
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	2	(75,424)
Total land and buildings	_	= =	1,145,490
Plant and Equipment			
Plant and equipment:			
At cost		87,358	82,022
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(37,121)	(26,122)
Total plant and equipment		50,237	55,900
Leasehold Improvements			
Leasehold improvements:			
At cost		26,712	26,712
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(20,162)	(13,611)
Total leasehold improvements	_	6,550	13,101
Total property, plant and equipment	_	56,787	1,214,491
	-		

Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Land and Buildings	Plant and Equipment	Leasehold Improvements
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,145,490	55,900	13,101
Additions at cost	(#)	5,336	H
Additions at fair value	(a)	90	×
Disposals	(*)		¥
Depreciation expense	(5,393)	(10,999)	(6,551)
Transfer to Asset Held for Sale (Note 9)	(1,140,097)	(40)	380
Carrying amount at the end of the year		50,237	6,550

NOTE 8a

The Company has an asset, being a commercial building strata unit entitlement, which is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation, in the financial report. The commercial building was previously used by the Company to conduct its business.

As a result of the fact that the commercial building in which the company holds the unit entitlement was substantially damaged by fire and, as at balance date and the date of the financial report, the building rectifications and repairs have not been completed, the building remains unusable. Hence, as at the date of reporting, the asset is impaired due to the fact that the normal benefits which would arise from ownership of the unit entitlement asset are not available to the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
NOTE 9: ASSET HELD FOR SALE			
Strata Unit entitlement in freehold land and buildings		1,140,097	= .

Directors have been engaged with the Strata Plan Committee (SP43344) and other unit owners as to various options for the building and also potential legal action. Decisions rely on a majority vote by strata unit owners. The Strata Plan Committee have obtained property valuations for the land and damaged building where, if sale is realised, ONL's entitlement is expected to match or exceed the asset recorded book value.

During the year, all unit holders in SP43344 unanimously agreed to sell the land and damaged building. This decision results in the Strata Unit Entitlement of the Company now being classed as an "Asset held for sale" under Australian Accounting Standard AASB 5, clause 5. Further, as the anticipated net sale value of the land and damaged building should result in the Company realising more than the recorded book value of its strata unit entitlement as at 30 June, 2023 of \$1,140,097, the "Asset held for sale" has been reclassified from Property, Plant and Equipment at book value so as to record the value of the re-classified asset in compliance with clause 15 of Standard AASB 5.

NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade payables 1,018,218 1,129,928 Prepaid member fees 186,178 145,990 Prepaid member postage 225,465 220,176 Other payables 47,964 30,588 NOTE 11: OTHER LIABILITIES 1,477,825 1,526,682 NOTE 12: PROVISIONS 26,775 31,107 NOTE 12: PROVISIONS 26,775 31,107 NOTE 12: PROVISIONS 20,925 24,171 Provision for employee benefits: annual leave 52,913 55,655 Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 NON-CURRENT Provision for employee benefits: other leave 172,375 169,635	CURRENT		
Prepaid member postage 225,465 220,176 Other payables 47,964 30,588 I,477,825 1,526,682 NOTE 11: OTHER LIABILITIES CURRENT Accrued charges 26,775 31,107 NON-CURRENT Prepaid member fees 2 NOTE 12: PROVISIONS CURRENT STN training scholarship 20,925 24,171 Provision for employee benefits: annual leave 52,913 55,655 Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 NON-CURRENT	Trade payables	1,018,218	1,129,928
Other payables 47,964 30,588 NOTE 11: OTHER LIABILITIES CURRENT 31,107 Accrued charges 26,775 31,107 NON-CURRENT 26,775 31,107 NOTE 12: PROVISIONS - - CURRENT 5TN training scholarship 20,925 24,171 Provision for employee benefits: annual leave 52,913 55,655 Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 NON-CURRENT	Prepaid member fees	186,178	145,990
1,477,825 1,526,682	Prepaid member postage	225,465	220,176
NOTE 11: OTHER LIABILITIES CURRENT Accrued charges 26,775 31,107 NON-CURRENT Prepaid member fees 2 2 NOTE 12: PROVISIONS CURRENT STN training scholarship 20,925 24,171 Provision for employee benefits: annual leave 52,913 55,655 Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 NON-CURRENT	Other payables	47,964	30,588
CURRENT 26,775 31,107 NON-CURRENT - - Prepaid member fees - - NOTE 12: PROVISIONS CURRENT 20,925 24,171 STN training scholarship 20,925 24,171 Provision for employee benefits: annual leave 52,913 55,655 Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 NON-CURRENT		1,477,825	1,526,682
NON-CURRENT Prepaid member fees - NOTE 12: PROVISIONS URRENT STN training scholarship 20,925 24,171 Provision for employee benefits: annual leave 52,913 55,655 Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 NON-CURRENT	1212		
Prepaid member fees NOTE 12: PROVISIONS CURRENT STN training scholarship Provision for employee benefits: annual leave Provision for employee benefits: long service leave Provision for employee benefits: other leave NON-CURRENT STN training scholarship 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 24,171 20,925 21,172 21,275 21,278 21,2	Accrued charges	26,775	31,107
NOTE 12: PROVISIONS CURRENT STN training scholarship Provision for employee benefits: annual leave Provision for employee benefits: long service leave Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 172,375 169,635	NON-CURRENT		
CURRENT STN training scholarship 20,925 24,171 Provision for employee benefits: annual leave 52,913 55,655 Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 172,375 169,635	Prepaid member fees		
Provision for employee benefits: annual leave 52,913 55,655 Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 172,375 169,635 NON-CURRENT			
Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 57,217 53,278 Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 172,375 169,635 NON-CURRENT	STN training scholarship	20,925	24,171
Provision for employee benefits: other leave 41,320 36,531 172,375 169,635 NON-CURRENT	Provision for employee benefits: annual leave	52,913	55,655
NON-CURRENT 172,375 169,635	Provision for employee benefits: long service leave	57,217	53,278
NON-CURRENT	Provision for employee benefits: other leave	41,320	36,531
		172,375	169,635
Provision for employee benefits: long service leave 17,287 11,970	NON-CURRENT		
	Provision for employee benefits: long service leave	17,287	11,970

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience, the Company does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Note	2023	2022
	¢	¢

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

NOTE 13: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There are no Contingent Liabilities as at the date of this report of which the Directors are aware.

Contingent Asset – the Company's business insurance policy has a further claim of \$308,000 to be received for the cost of relocation and refitting of premises, with this amount to be received prior to 30 June 2024, and before any relocation and premises refitting taking place.

NOTE 14: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity is considered key management personnel.

The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel (KMP) of the company during the year are as follows:

Key management personnel compensation

115,067 109,258

NOTE 15: EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Directors are not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

NOTE 16: OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel individually or collectively with their close family members.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other persons unless otherwise stated.

During the year there were related party transactions totalling \$334.

NOTE 17: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

Financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents	4	2,238,417	2,387,581
Loans and receivables	5	668,726	674,160
Total financial assets		2,907,143	3,061,741
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:			
 trade and other payables 	10	1,018,218	1,129,928
Total financial liabilities		1,018,218	1,129,928

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of Ostomy NSW Limited declare that, in the directors' opinion:

- The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 4 to 16, are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and:
 - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosure Requirements; and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is signed in accordance with subs 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Gregory Doyle

Director

Jacqueline Carusi

Director

Dated this 21st day of September, 2023

BUSINESS PARTNER ACCOUNTANTS

ABN 31 254 110 993

Chartered Accountants and Business Advisors

PO Box 634 Miranda NSW 1490 Principal: Mark J. Lennon B.Comm., FCA

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Independent Auditor Report

To the members of Ostomy NSW Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Ostomy NSW Limited ("the Company"), which comprises the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June, 2023, the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Directors Declaration.

In our opinion, the financial report of the Company has been prepared in accordance with Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Company financial position as at 30 June, 2023 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosure Requirements and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report" section of our report. We are independent of the registered entity in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Audit Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company annual report for the year ended 30 June, 2023, but does not include the financial report and our audit report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosure Requirements and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor Report: Continued

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the internal control of the Company.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the directors and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our audit report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and finning of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Business Partner Accountants

Chartered Accountants

Signed at Miranda, NSW this 21st day of September, 2023

COMPILATION REPORT

We have compiled the accompanying general purpose financial statements of Ostomy NSW Limited, which comprise the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2023, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. These have been prepared in accordance with the financial reporting framework described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The Responsibility of the Directors of Ostomy NSW Limited

The directors of Ostomy NSW Limited are solely responsible for the information contained in the general purpose financial statements and have determined that the financial reporting framework used is appropriate to meet their needs and for the purpose that the financial statements were prepared.

Our Responsibility

On the basis of the information provided by the directors of Ostomy NSW Limited, we have compiled the accompanying general purpose financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting framework and APES 315: Compilation of Financial Information.

Our procedures use accounting expertise to collect, classify and summarise the financial information, which the directors provided, in compiling the financial statements. Our procedures do not include verification or validation procedures. No audit or review has been performed by us, and accordingly no assurance is expressed.

The general purpose financial statements were compiled exclusively for the benefit of the directors of Ostomy NSW Limited. We do not accept responsibility to any other person for the contents of the general purpose financial statements.

Jennene Abrook IN 2 BUSINESS PTY LTD 9/429 The Boulevarde KIRRAWEE NSW 2232

Dated 21st September, 2023